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### DEPARTMENT OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES

## Departmental Instruction 401 (RM) 03 RISK AND LIABILITY MANAGEMENT

### 401-1 BACKGROUND

The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS or department) shall provide high quality services in a recovery oriented and skill development environment that respects and promotes the dignity, rights, and full participation of individuals receiving services and the staff. Risk management (RM) is an integrated, system-wide, data-driven program to ensure the safety of individuals receiving services, employees, visitors, volunteers, contractors, and students through prevention, monitoring, early detection, evaluation, and control of risks. It is the intent of the DBHDS, through its risk management program, to enhance safety and to minimize the potential liability exposure and financial loss to the Commonwealth of Virginia.

### 401-2 PURPOSE

The purpose of this departmental instruction (DI) is to establish requirements and guidance for a comprehensive and uniform system-wide risk management program. The program is intended to reduce, eliminate, correct, manage or control risk through the identification, investigation, analysis, and treatment of hazards that may result in harm to individuals receiving services, employees, visitors, volunteers, contractors, or students, and prevent losses to the Commonwealth.

### 401-3 **DEFINITIONS**

The following definitions apply to this DI:

CLAIM

A demand for restitution made against a state facility or its agents, usually precipitated by an incident occurring within the facility. A claim may be asserted either orally or in writing. Tort claims pursuant to Code of Virginia must be made in writing.

INCIDENT

Any occurrence that is inconsistent with the routine care of an individual receiving services, employee, volunteer, visitor, contractor, student, or the routine operations of the agency or property that results in an actual or potential adverse outcome.

#### FACILITY INCIDENT REPORT

A form (DBHDS 158, Attachment 1) used by department employees to notify their supervisors, facility risk managers, and other appropriate management of an incident that presents either actual or potential risk or liability. Facility Incident Report Forms (DBHDS 158) should be reported during the shift in which they occur, but no later than 48 hours.

### INCIDENT TRACKER

A system-wide database used to track all incidents that occur to individuals receiving services in facilities operated by the department. All Facility Incident Report Forms (DBHDS 158) must be entered into this tracker by the witness of the incident or the Risk Manager. Incidents should be reported during the shift in which they occur, but no later than 48 hours.

### LIABILITY

An obligation incurred because of an inappropriate or wrongful act, or the failure to act, as required within the scope of an employee's duty.

### Risk

The possibility of, or exposure to, one or both of the following:

- 1. Physical or emotional harm or injury to individuals, family members, employees, visitors, volunteers, contractors, students, or the community.
- 2. The loss of financial assets or damage to the reputation of DBHDS or the Commonwealth.

### RISK MANAGER

The designated person responsible for coordinating, managing, and implementing a state facility's risk management program and activities.

### RISK THRESHOLD

The amount of risk the facility is willing to accept.

#### RISK TRIGGER

An event or condition that causes a risk to occur. Risk triggers are identified in advance as part of the facility's risk management program.

### ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS (RCA)

This is a method of problem solving designed to identify the underlying causes of a problem. The focus of a RCA is on systems, processes, and outcomes that require change to reduce the risk of harm. It does not focus on people. While the process involves analyzing who did what, it is for purposes of looking for systems and process problems, not personnel problems.

### SENTINEL EVENT

A sentinel event is defined by American healthcare accreditation organization. The Joint Commission (TJC) as any unanticipated event in a healthcare setting resulting in death or serious physical or psychological injury to a patient or patients, not related to the natural course of the patient's illness.

Sentinel events signal the need for immediate investigation and response. These events specifically include loss of a limb or gross motor function and any event for which a recurrence would carry a risk of a serious adverse outcome.

### Suspicious Injury

An injury to an individual receiving services that leads to an inference of abuse or neglect because of the shape, type, location, pattern, severity, or frequency of the injury or other circumstances.

### **UNEXPLAINED INJURY**

An injury to an individual receiving services that is discovered after an unwitnessed event where, upon initial discovery, the surrounding facts and circumstances provide no apparent reasonable or logical explanation sufficient to determine its cause.

### 401 - 4

### RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY

## CENTRAL OFFICE (CO)

The DBHDS Risk Manager is responsible for:

- Interpreting this DI;
- Collaborating with facility risk managers to maintain, improve, update the Incident Tracker, provide documentation to facilities related to guidance from regulatory bodies, and to update the DI every two years.
- Developing and maintaining departmental risk management procedures and guidelines;
- Overseeing and monitoring the implementation of facility risk management programs, which include reviewing facility policies developed pursuant to this DI;
- Meeting with the facility risk managers on a quarterly basis either in person, video or conference call;
- Reporting system-wide trend data monthly to the DBHDS Facility
   Operations Specialist and the Risk Management Quality Committee; and
- Conducting a review of 12 random incidents per quarter, one from each
  facility, to ensure that all information is being documented and reviewed
  according to this DI consistently at all facilities. The review would include
  guidance to the facility if corrections are necessary and monitoring to ensure
  any corrective actions are implemented.

Deputy commissioners and assistant commissioners who are responsible for state facility operations, in collaboration with the DBHDS Risk Manager, are responsible for ensuring facility compliance with recommended operational risk reduction strategies.

### FACILITIES

Each facility director is responsible for:

- Ensuring that policies and procedures are developed to provide for establishment of a committee designated to address safety issues, pursuant to § 8.01-581.17 of the Code of Virginia;
- Ensuring the risk management program is formally addressed through designated committees, specifically risk management, safety, quality management, patient safety, compliance and performance improvement.
- Implementing a comprehensive and integrated risk management program managed by a facility risk manager who is qualified by training and/or experience;
- Maintaining written documentation of designation as the risk manager in the facility risk manager's Employee Work Profile;
- Incorporating the requirements of this DI into the risk manager's Employee Work Profile;
- Taking immediate, expedient, and appropriate actions to identify and minimize or eliminate the adverse impact of liability exposures;
- Ensuring that all sentinel events are reported to TJC, a root cause analysis is conducted and results are sent to the DBHDS Risk Manager;
- Ensuring that all incident reports are aggregated, reviewed, and analyzed, and facility patterns and trends are identified and reported monthly to the facility Risk Management Quality Committee and other appropriate committees;
- Developing and implementing risk reduction plans based on event and incident analyses;
- Routinely reviewing and analyzing facility claims and losses;
- Assuring that the facility risk manager is actively involved in the assessment of all facility liability exposures; and
- Addressing and implementing as deemed appropriate all corrective actions
  plans and risk reduction strategies recommended by the facility risk manager
  and the Risk Management Quality Committee.

#### FACILITY RISK MANAGERS

The facility risk manager is responsible for:

- Developing, coordinating, and administering an interdisciplinary facilitywide risk management program;
- Collaborating with key individuals at all levels of the facility to develop, improve, update, or enhance a risk management program and plan;
- Utilizing risk triggers and thresholds to identify and address risks of harm and including these in the risk management program;
- Ensuring that all incidents are reported during the shift in which they occur, but no later than 48 hours, in the Incident Tracker or on the Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158), if the Incident Tracker is not available;
- Ensuring all incidents that are reported via the Incident Tracker or the
  Facility Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158) are reviewed and assigned
  appropriate clinical severity levels and risk index codes. Necessary steps
  should be taken to ensure appropriate investigations, corrective actions, and
  follow-up reviews are conducted on all incidents assigned with a severity

level of four or higher or any incidents that the facility risk manager or facility director deems should be investigated regardless of the assigned clinical severity level or risk index code. The facility risk manager will ensure that all corrective actions are monitored and implemented.

- Ensuring that a root cause analysis is completed for all sentinel events; depending on severity, where a pattern of patient harm or undesired outcomes occurs; or when recommended by the facility director. The facility risk manager will also ensure all the corrective actions are monitored and implemented.
- Ensuring that all hard copy Facility Incident Report Forms (DBHDS 158) are maintained in a confidential and secure location for retention in accordance with the Commonwealth of Virginia record retention law (Library of Virginia Records Retention and Disposition Specific Schedule No. 720-001);
- Providing information on reported or reportable incidents and other riskrelated issues to the committees designated to address safety issues, and recommending and monitoring the implementation of risk reduction strategies to appropriate committees;
- Communicating with the facility abuse and neglect investigator on abuse and neglect matters to identify and manage systemic risk and liability issues; and
- Developing and implementing a facility-wide staff education program for loss prevention and loss control, including a comprehensive orientation to inform employees, volunteers, contractors, and students who will be assigned direct care responsibilities of their obligations, responsibilities, protections, and role in the facility's risk management program.

### 401 -5 SPECIFIC GUIDANCE

PRIVILEGED
COMMITTEE
ACTIVITIES AND
COMMUNICATIONS

Each facility shall establish a committee or committees as needed to protect privileged risk management activities and communications.

Each facility risk manager shall serve as an ex officio member of any facility committee established to focus on facility risk and liability issues and that functions primarily to review, evaluate, or make recommendations on issues such as the:

- Duration of patient stays;
- Necessity of medical, dental, psychological, podiatric, chiropractic, optometric, or other professional services that are provided to individuals receiving services;
- Most efficient use of available facilities, services, and staff resources;
- Adequacy or quality of professional services;
- Professional staff competency and qualifications;
- Reasonableness or appropriateness of legal charges made on behalf of the facilities; and
- Safety of individuals receiving services, employees, visitors, volunteers, contractors, and students.

As a member of any such committee, the facility risk manager shall take all appropriate steps to maintain the privileged character of information in accordance with § 8.01-581.17 of the Code of Virginia.

The commissioner, deputy commissioner or assistant commissioners responsible for state facility operations; DBHDS Risk Manager; and DBHDS Chief Clinical Officer shall serve as ex-officio members of the above-referenced facility committees.

## PROGRAM COORDINATION

The facility risk management program shall maintain interrelationships with key facility departments and functions including: senior management, financial and contracting services, medical and clinical services (including privileging and credentialing), abuse investigations, quality management, human rights, safety and security, medical records, infection control, and human resources.

The facility risk management program must have in place processes that provide for coordination with internal facility divisions and offices in addition to external agencies and organizations (e.g., U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration, appropriate boards within the Virginia Department of Health Professions, Virginia State Police, and local law enforcement). All incidents involving sexual assault will be reported to law enforcement.

### CLAIMS MANAGEMENT

The facility risk manager should coordinate with the Division of Risk Management in the Virginia Department of Treasury (TRS) as it relates to management of potential and actual professional liability and malpractice claims. The role of the Virginia Office of the Attorney General (OAG) is to monitor claims filed against DBHDS or its staff under the medical malpractice self- insurance program and to defend medical malpractice claims or suits against the Commonwealth and its employees. Therefore, the facility risk manager shall:

- Work collaboratively with TRS Division of Risk Management and OAG in the management of claims and litigation;
- Develop summaries of liability issues raised during claims settlement and litigation;
- Develop strategies to prevent or minimize recurrences of the same or similar claims; and
- Notify the DBHDS Risk Manager of any reported claims or possible claims.

### 401-6

### PROCEDURES - GENERAL

MANDATORY
REQUIREMENTS FOR
ALL PERSONNEL TO
REPORT

Any employee, volunteer, contractor, or student who witnesses or discovers any incident that causes or has the potential to cause harm or injury to an individual or any incident that poses risks or liability to the organization or facility, shall immediately complete, date, and sign a Facility Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158) and submit the report to his immediate supervisor or staff person in charge.

Employees shall enter this information into the Incident Tracker as mandated by the facility.

The Facility Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158) is the only paper form to be used when reporting incidents that present actual or potential risk or liabilities. All changes to this form must be reviewed by the DBHDS Risk Manager prior to implementation.

### RM PLAN AND REVIEW

Each facility shall develop a written risk management plan consistent with this DI that outlines:

- The facility's comprehensive risk management program, including its goals and objectives;
- Essential program components, activities, and responsibilities;
- Analysis and reporting of trends and implementation of risk reduction plans based on this analysis;
- Utilization of risk triggers and thresholds to identify and address risks of harm;
- Processes for developing and implementing plans of correction for identified risks; and
- Integration of the risk management program within key divisions and functions.

The risk management plan will be reviewed and updated annually by the facility. The plan shall be submitted annually to the DBHDS Risk Manager.

### RM OPERATIONS DOCUMENTS

The facility risk manager shall maintain in paper or electronic format or have electronic access to the following information:

- Relevant Commonwealth of Virginia risk management plans developed in accordance with § 2.2-1839 of the Code of Virginia by TRS;
- Reference list of risk management-related DIs, memoranda, and guidelines;
- · Facility risk management-related policies, procedures, and protocols;
- · Facility risk management plan;
- Facility annual risk management evaluations;
- Risk manager's Employee Work Profile consistent with this DI;
- Other information, as appropriate (e.g., DBHDS Human Rights Regulations [12 VAC35-115], laws relevant to the care of individuals receiving services, operations, employment, current literature on risk management topics, etc.);
   and
- Incident management procedures in the absence of the risk manager.

### RISK IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Each facility's risk management program, as described in the facility risk management plan, shall include the following:

1. An incident and incident management protocol to provide for:

- Reporting all deaths, allegations of abuse or neglect, incidents as defined in this DI, and critical events as required by state law, regulations, accreditation requirements, and policies, including this DI; and
- Responses to and review of all incidents.
- 2. A proactive risk identification and assessment process to reduce the likelihood or mitigate the impact of incidents that have the potential to result in injury, accident, or other loss to individuals receiving services, employees, visitors, volunteers, contractors, students, or assets. This shall include:
  - A proactive process to evaluate the potential adverse impact of direct and indirect care processes, the physical plant, equipment, and other systems on health and safety; and
  - Coordination with the facility safety department to ensure routine assessments of the physical environment and high-risk areas are completed, in addition to periodic reviews of facility policies and procedures for risk identification purposes.

### 401-7

# PROCEDURES - ASSIGNMENT OF INCIDENT OUTCOME SEVERITY AND RISK INDICES

### CLINICAL OUTCOME SEVERITY LEVEL

The facility risk manager or designee shall assign one of the following clinical outcome severity levels to each incident:

- 00 = No injury occurred.
- 01 = Minor injury occurred; no specific area of the body required any special attention; no medical treatment by a physician or physician extender required; possibly first aid administered, but no increased monitoring of the individual is required.
- 02 = Moderate injury occurred involving a relatively small or minor area of the body; no medical treatment beyond first aid by a physician or physician extender (e.g., physician's assistant or nurse practitioner) required; possibly first aid administered; increased monitoring warranted, no ultimate harm or loss of bodily function(s). Injuries in this category are distinguished from those in category 01 in that all injuries here require some increased monitoring, but no medical treatment as described below.
- 03 = Injury requiring medical treatment beyond first aid (no hospitalization) by a physician or physician extender; possible temporary loss of bodily function(s); includes loss of consciousness. The injury received requires treatment of the individual by a licensed physician, podiatrist, dentist, or physician extender, but the treatment required is not serious enough to warrant or require hospitalization. The treatment may be provided within the facility or provided outside the facility where it may range from treatment at a doctor's private office through treatment at the emergency room of a general acute care hospital.

- 04 = Injury or loss of consciousness requiring hospitalization; possible temporary loss of bodily function; possible major or permanent loss of bodily function(s). The injury received requires medical treatment in addition to care of the injured individual at a general acute care hospital. Regardless of the length of stay, this severity level requires the injured individual be formally admitted as an inpatient to the hospital and assigned to a bed on a unit outside of the emergency room.
- 05 = Injury received was so severe it resulted in death, or complications from the injury led to death of the individual.
- 06 = Deaths involving no injury.

### RISK INDEX

The facility risk manager shall assess the risk and liability associated with each incident and assign it one of the following index codes:

- N = No risk or liability identified.
- L = Low or minor risk or liability. The event has little or no impact or requires comparatively little attention or concern.
- M = Moderate or some risk or liability. The event has reasonably manageable risks or requires minimal reduction or preventive efforts.
- H = High or significant risk or liability. These events include:
  - Incidents with actual, or the potential for high levels of public scrutiny;
  - Incidents where claims are anticipated, threatened or initiated;
  - · Incidents involving criminal activity;
  - Deaths with a clinical outcome severity level of 05;
  - All suspicious unexplained injuries, regardless of clinical outcome severity level; or
  - Incidents of any clinical outcome severity level where historical data on that individual indicates a trend suggesting a high-risk impact.

### 401-8

### PROCEDURES - INCIDENT REPORTING AND INITIAL REVIEW

The following procedures shall be used to review and report all incidents:

### STEP# 1 INITIAL REPORT

Any employee, volunteer, contractor, or student who is involved in, witnesses, or receives a report of an incident that causes or has the potential to cause harm or injury to any individual or an incident that poses risks or liabilities to the agency or the Commonwealth, shall enter the incident in the Incident Tracker as determined by the facility or complete, date, and sign a Facility Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158), and submit the report to his immediate supervisor, unit manager or staff person in charge if not entered into the Incident Tracker by the employee.

The content of the original incident report as submitted by the originating employee, volunteer, contractor, or student shall not be altered or edited in any manner except by the risk manager who may write an addendum on the form to clarify or update the incident. Any such addendum must be signed and dated by the risk manager.

All incidents shall be reported regardless of whether they occurred:

- In the facility or away from the facility;
- With or without staff present; or
- While the individual receiving services was on authorized leave, missing, or on special hospitalization.

Incident reports shall include only factual information, such as when the incident took place, what was observed, who was involved, and other relevant facts. Assumptions, conclusions, and irrelevant facts shall not be included in the report.

No copies or distribution shall be made of the original incident report unless otherwise permitted by this DI or the facility's policy, which must conform to this DI.

The Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158) shall not be filed in the clinical record.

STEP #2 REVIEW OF INCIDENTS BY SUPERVISOR

### Review of Incidents.

The employee shall enter the incident report in the Incident Tracker or, if using Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158), submit the form to his immediate supervisor, unit manager or the designated staff person.

The supervisor or designated staff person in charge who receives the incident via the Incident Tracker or via the Incident Report Form (DBHDS 158) shall review the report for clarity, legibility, and completeness and forward it to the risk manager as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours from occurrence or discovery of the incident. If the employee or supervisor enters the incident in the Incident Tracker it does not need to be sent to the risk manager.

Documentation that is not to be included in the incident report should be recorded separately and maintained appropriately for the purpose of assisting with individual treatment needs and related investigations.

When an injury is involved and no cause of injury is immediately evident, the supervisor or staff person in charge shall attempt to ascertain the incident associated with the injury, making note any information, and then sign and date this note on the supervisor's line of the report, if submitting paper copies.

Review of Unexplained Injuries.

If an incident cannot be associated with an injury, the supervisor, person in charge, or the employee that becomes or is made aware of the unexplained injury shall note that the injury is unexplained and shall immediately:

- Report the unexplained injury to the facility director, per facility policy, external agencies, and applicable law or regulation.
- Determine and ensure documentation of the:
  - o Type of injury;
  - o Shape of the injury;
  - o Location of the injury:
  - o Apparent clinical outcome of the injury;
  - o Ability or probability of the individual self-inflicting the injury; and
  - o Frequency or apparent pattern or patterns associated with the injury, including any pattern of injuries suffered by one or more individuals on the same shift or living unit over a period of time.

### STEP #3 REVIEW BY RISK MANAGER

### All incidents.

The facility risk manager shall ensure:

- A clinical outcome severity level and risk index code is assigned to the incident; and
- The incident data, including clinical outcome severity level and risk index code, is entered into the Incident Tracker.

If the injury appears to meet the definition of a suspicious injury, the risk manager shall ensure that the injury is reported to the facility director.

Incidents with clinical outcome severity levels 03 through 06: The facility risk manager shall enter the incident in the DBHDS PAIRS database or report the incident by email or fax to the disAbility Law Center of Virginia (dLCV) within 48 hours of discovery.

Incidents with clinical outcome severity levels 05 and 06: The risk manager shall take steps necessary to ensure the facility conducts the appropriate reviews. All deaths shall be reported to the local medical examiner. Additionally, deaths related to the use of restraint and seclusion shall be reported to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and TJC, as required by regulations. The risk manager may also determine if a RCA or a Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) review should be conducted or recommend that one be conducted to the facility director, as noted in 401-4. An RCA should always be conducted when a sentinel event occurs

Incidents with clinical outcome severity levels 04 through 06 and any other event with an assigned a risk index of "H:" The risk manager shall assess the need to recommend or initiate a RCA and quality improvement plan. The RCA should be conducted by soliciting, and including feedback from, staff who have input into the treatment of individuals receiving services and operational system

issues impacting or impacted by the event. If a RCA is completed, it shall be sent to the DBHDS Risk Manager.

<u>Incidents not reported to dLCV that have a risk index of "H:"</u> The risk manager shall notify the DBHDS Risk Manager, who will notify staff in the DBHDS Office of Facility Operations in CO.

### **ADDITIONAL REVIEWS**

The risk manager shall initiate, or confirm that appropriate staff have taken, steps to implement additional reviews and reporting for all incidents, when necessary, including:

- Medical consultation or peer review;
- Medication review;
- Safety Committee review; and
- Reporting pursuant to TJC Sentinel Event Policy, OSHA, and Safe Medical Devices Act (SMDA) guidelines, and other applicable laws and regulations.

Refer to Attachment 2, "Algorithm for Review and Follow-up of Death and Injuries in DBHDS Facilities," which describes the process that is explained in this section.

### 401-9

### PROCEDURES: REPORTING TO DLCV

### REQUIREMENT

Pursuant to §§ 37.2-304.7 and 37.2-707 of the Code of Virginia, certain incidents involving individuals receiving services shall be reported to dLCV within 48 hours of occurrence or, if the time of occurrence is unknown, within 48 hours of discovery of the event.

Additionally, any known death within 21 days of discharge shall be reported to dLCV within 48 hours of discovery of the death.

### REPORTING TO DLCV

The risk manager, through the facility director, shall report an incident to dLCV when:

- There is an injury to an individual receiving services with an outcome severity level of 03 or 04 associated with or reasonably believed to be associated with the incident AND an assessment was made by a physician or physician extender, AND a physician or physician extender took action or gave an order in response to the injury that was more than first aid treatment and intended to affect a cure or provide therapy for the injury;
- There is an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual assault or rape;
- There is any event involving a loss of consciousness; and
- There is a death (05 or 06).

When there is no action or order by a physician or physician extender following an initial assessment of the individual who received an injury with an outcome

severity level of 03 or 04, but at a later time an action is taken or an order is given in response to the same incident or occurrence, the risk manager, through the facility director, shall report the injury to dLCV within 48 hours of the action or order. The comments shall include when the initial incident was entered in PAIRS.

This report should provide a chronology of good faith efforts the facility took to address the complaint or observation of the injury prior to the discovery date indicated on the report.

### REPORTING VIA

The risk manager, on behalf of the facility director, shall report incidents meeting the above criteria via the PAIRS system within 48 hours of the incident or discovery of the incident, and shall provide a 15 day follow-up report.

Should access to the PAIRS system be unavailable, a report must be emailed or faxed to dLCV and emails sent to the others on the email distribution list. Reports emailed or faxed to dLCV must be entered into the PAIRS system as soon as possible after the system becomes available (see Attachment 3, dLCV 48 Hour Faxed Report).

All emails shall be encrypted when sending information to dLCV.

### NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENTS REPORTED TO DLCV

When medical treatment for an injury rises to a level beyond first aid, the authorized representative, if applicable, shall be notified of any incident reported to dLCV as soon as practical following the incident.

### 401-10

### PROCEDURES - RECEIPT AND HANDLING OF LEGAL DOCUMENTS

### **LEGAL DOCUMENTS**

The following documents require immediate attention. Whenever any DBHDS employee receives one of the following documents that involves DBHDS, the Commonwealth, or an employee acting in an official capacity or in the scope of his employment, the employee shall immediately notify the facility risk manager, facility director, or DBHDS Risk Manager in person, by email, or by phone:

- Letters of attorney representation and letters from attorneys;
- Subpoenas for documents or witnesses (summons and interrogatories, but not for medical records);
- Notices of claim or suit;
- · Motions for judgment, complaints, or bills of complaint; and
- Other related case or court documents.

Upon receipt of any of the above documents, the risk manager shall notify the facility director or designee.

Upon receipt of a notice of claim or suit, the risk manager shall notify the following by telephone or email:

- · Appropriate TRS Division of Risk Management personnel;
- OAG; and
- DBHDS Risk Manager.

When notified by the risk manager of receipt of a notice of claim or suit, the DBHDS Risk Manager shall notify the commissioner and the appropriate deputy and assistant commissioners.

All procedures for handling legal documents shall adhere to DI 405(RM)95 Requests for Legal Assistance.

Legal documents shall be maintained as prescribed in DI 403(RM)86 Coordination of Investigations and Security of Patient and Resident Records Associated with Potential or Actual Litigation or Professional Liability Claims.

### 401 - 11

### REFERENCES

- §§ 8.01 -581.16 and 8.01-581.17 of the Code of Virginia
- Virginia Tort Claims Act, §§ 8.01-195.1 through 8.01-195.9 of the Code of Virginia.
- Commonwealth of Virginia risk management plans, § 2.2-1837 of the Code of Virginia.
- §§ 37.2-304.7 and 37.2-707 of the Code of Virginia.
- DI 403 (RM) 86 Coordination of Investigations and Security of Patient and Resident Records Associated with Potential or Actual Litigation or Professional Liability Claims.
- DI 405 (RM) 95 Requests for Legal Assistance.
- Library of Virginia Records Retention and Disposition Specific Schedule No. 720-001.
- DI 201 (RTS) 03 Reporting and Investigating Abuse and Neglect of Clients.
- Virginia Workers' Compensation Act, Title 65.2 of the Code of Virginia.
- US Department of Labor Occupational and Safety Health Administration Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs.
- Virginia Department of Labor and Industry (DOLI) Virginia Occupational Safety and Health (VOSH) Program (https://www.osha.gov/stateplans/va).
- Safe Medical Devices Act (SMDA), Public Law 102-629 (https://www.congress.gov/bill/101st-congress/house-bill/3095).

Alison G. Land, FACHE

Commissioner

EFFECTIVE DATE:

September 4, 2020

ATTACHMENT:

X YES

The listed forms can be found on the DBHDS intranet, or they can be obtained from the DBHDS Risk Manager.

### **Central Office Forms**

Attachment 1: Departmental form DBHDS 158, Facility Incident Report

Attachment 2: Algorithm for Review and Follow Up of Deaths and Injuries in DBHDS

**Facilities** 

Attachment 3: dLCV 48 Hour Faxed Report

# Departmental Instruction 401 (RM) 03, Attachment 1 DBHDS -158, Effective 12/1/99; Rev. 05/01/2020 Facility Incident Report DO NOT PHOTOCOPY / DO NOT FILE IN THE MEDICAL RECORD

Reporting Staff:		Staff Title:	Staff Title:		
Shift Supervisor:		Incident Date/Time:			
Circle: Client Employee Visitor	Property MRN:	Name:			
Location of Incident:		Unit:	Unit:		
Standard/Routine Observation: Check all that apply below					
1:1					
Was the Client placed in restraint or seclusion at the time of or as a result of incident? Type:					
(ell, exek (eln) exe	Pojačeje ir v Zadjajoju aja da jajače) (v Zud	:Avertenenenenen i	NCIDENT 1992E		
Accidental Medical Missing Treatment/Habilitative					
[T]By Another Client	☐Aspiration	Attempted Escape	Client Site		
By Other	Choking	Escape	Consent Problem		
By Staff	Cluster Setzure	Off Campus	Delayed		
Recreational	Deterioration in Condition	On Campus	Deviation Policy & Procedure		
To Self	Seizure Related Injury	Unauthorized Area	Diagnosis Delayed		
To Client	Status Epilepticus	Other	Diagnosis Omitted		
Other	Swallowing Problem		Dietary Problem		
	Other	Other	dentification		
Aggressive Act		Client/Family Complaint	Injection/Venipuncture Site		
Against Another Client	Medications	Contraband	Meal Refusal (3)		
Physical	Adverse Drug Reaction	Environmental Problem	Monitoring		
Verbal Threat	Dispensing Error - From	Exposure to Elements	Omitted		
Sexual Assault	LiPharmacy	Fire	Positioning		
Againet Staff	Given Without Order	Insect Bite	Prep Problem		
Physical	Missing Medication	Pica	Refusal		
Verbal Threat	Improper Order	Sexual Encounter	Repeat Procedure		
Sexual Assault	Improper Storage	اسا اسماnappropriete Sexuel	Surgery Related		
-	Omitted	Contact	Technique		
By Another Client	Refused	inappropriate Touching	Test Results Delayed		
Retallation/Self Defense	Transcription Error	On Admission	Test Results Not Addressed		
Against Object	Other	Special Hospitalization	Test Results Not Received		
Use of Weapon	Jse of Weapon Administrative Error		Transcription Error		
Other		Other	Transfer/Moving		
	Wrong Dosage	Property/Equipment	Other		
Fail	Wrong Drug	Adaptive Clothing			
	Wrong Route	Damaged	Self-Injurious Behavior		
Balance/Coordination/Gait	Wrong Time	Destroyed	Tintentional		
Client Reported Fall	<u> </u>	Failure/Malfunction	Unintentional		
Footwear Co Floor	Unexplained	Missing	Suicidality		
Found On Floor	Unexplained	Tampered With	Suicide		
Obstacle		User Error			
Reclining/Sitting		Other			
Running  Solaton Rolaton Sell			į.		
Seizure Related Fali					
Slippery Surface					
Slip/Trip					
Transfer			ļ		

# Departmental Instruction 401 (RM) 03, Attachment 1 DBHDS -158, Effective 12/1/99; Rev. 05/01/2020 Facility Incident Report DO NOT PHOTOCOPY / DO NOT FILE IN THE MEDICAL RECORD

			DE	ATH					
Death									
			IB∫E⅓	AILS					
Type of injury				Injured Body	Part:				
Describe the I		***************************************		[ <b>,</b>					
restment or l	nterventions:								
·	HIGH VAHEIOHS.								
	nvolved? Na								
	Bed Bou	und Indepe	endent Non Fall Precaul	• —	With As	sistan	ce (Perso	onal/ <b>M</b> ech	anical)
Mobility Statu	Bed Bou	und Indepe		ions			ce (Perso		ankal)
Mobility Statu Was Family/A	Bed Bou Repeat uthorized Rep	und indeper Faller Contacted?	Fall Precaul Contacted By	ions	C	onta	ct Date/I	'ime	anical)
Mobility Statu Was Family/A	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep	und indeperation i	Fall Precaul Contacted By Dm Hospita	ions		<b>onta</b> nfirma		'ime	anical)
Mobility Statu  Was Family/A  Disposition	Bed Bou Repeat uthorized Rep	und indeper Faller Contacted?	Fall Precaul Contacted By Dm Hospita	ions		<b>onta</b> nfirma	ct Date/I	'ime	anical)
Mobility Statu  Was Family/A  Disposition  Was Treatmer	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical at Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Ne	Fall Precaul Contacted By om Hospita eded Tra	ions	C   Ir   Bcue Squ	onta nfirma ıad	ct Date/I	'ime sion	
Mobility Statu  Was Family/A  Disposition  Was Treatmer  Where was Me	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical it Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Neent Provided?	Fall Precaul Contacted By DM Hospita eded Tra  Who Provide	ions lization Required nsported Via Res	Ir scue Squ	ionta nfirma nad Local	ct Date/I	Time sion ent Provid	
Mobility Statu Was Family/A Disposition Was Treatmer Where was Me	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical it Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Neent Provided?	Fall Precaul Contacted By DM Hospita eded Tra  Who Provide	ions lization Required nsported Via Res	Ir scue Squ	ionta nfirma nad Local	ct Date/I	Time sion ent Provid	
Mobility Statu Was Family/A Disposition Was Treatmer Where was Me	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical it Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Neent Provided?	Fall Precaul Contacted By DM Hospita eded Tra  Who Provide	ions lization Required nsported Via Res	Ir scue Squ	ionta nfirma nad Local	ct Date/I	Time sion ent Provid	
Mobility Statu  Was Family/A  Disposition  Was Treatmer  Where was Me	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical it Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Neent Provided?	Fall Precaul Contacted By DM Hospita eded Tra  Who Provide	ions lization Required nsported Via Res	Ir scue Squ	ionta nfirma nad Local	ct Date/I	Time sion ent Provid	
Mobility Statu  Was Family/A  Disposition  Was Treatmer  Where was Me	Bed Bot Repeat uthorized Rep Emerge Medical it Provided?	und indeper Faller Contacted?  Procy Center/Roc Assistance Neent Provided?	Fall Precaul Contacted By DM Hospita eded Tra  Who Provide	ions lization Required nsported Via Res	Ir scue Squ	ionta nfirma nad Local	ct Date/I	Time sion ent Provid	

# Attachment 2 ALGORITHM FOR REVIEW AND FOLLOW UP OF DEATHS AND INJURIES IN DBHDS FACILITIES

Injury	or deat	h occurs/	is discovere	ed		
T						
		egation o	of, knowledg	ge of, or reason to believe abu	se occurred?	
V	V					
NO			)I 201(RTS)	)00		
T	V	Investig	-	7		
v v	death of	r injury u	mexplained'	f		
NO	YES					
V	T					
v	Is it a suspicious injury or death?					
T	V V					
T	NO	YES: Ir	nitiate DI 20	)1(RTS)00		
V	V	<b>V</b> .	Investigatio	n What is the risk index assig	ned to the incident?	
V	V					
	ow, Me	dium	•			
Λ	<b>*</b> •.• .		,	CDCA C 1		
High:	Initiate	review (	no review i	RCA performed)		
What	is the c	linical ou	tcome sever	rity level assigned to the incid	ent?	
			V	v	V	
			00,	03, 04: Report to	05, 06: RCA Needed?	
			01,	dLCV		
			02			
			$\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{c}}}$	V 04 RCA Needed?	V Report to dLCV &	
			V	V	V Conduct mortality review &	
			T	V	V Contact Medical Examiner	
			v	V	V	
Is the	e a nee	d for revi	ew of the m	edical care or treatment prece	ding the death or injury?	
V	V					
NO	YES: Seek medical consultation or					
V	V peer review					
V	T				01.1.0	
		y medicat	tion anomal	y or error preceding the death	of injury?	
V	T vec.	T.,,:4:_4.				
NO "	YES: Initiate medication review process T					
Did at	_	ment fai	lor was a s	afety issue identified?		
V	vyuij V	ATTACTE THE		was shown annihitation		
NO	YES:	Initiate s	afety comm	ittee review		

# Attachment 3 dLCV 48 Hour Faxed Report

This report is to be used <u>only</u> when the PAIRS system or the internet are unavailable.
Email the report to dLCV and others on the distribution list when the PAIRS system is not functioning.

	d the internet is unavailable, fax the report to dLCV
and others on the distribution list.	
	e entered into the PAIRS system as soon as possible
after the system becomes available.	
Type of Incident or Event:	
Narrative:	
Plan for Follow-up Review:	
Summary Information:	
Full Name of individual receiving services:	
Date and time of incident or event:	
Date and time of discovery:	
Place where death or incident occurred	
(facility, building, and unit):	
Signature	Date